



# FACT SHEET

## PROBATION DETENTION CENTER

# 2019

TIMOTHY C. WARD COMMISSIONER

RICKY MYRICK ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FACILITIES DIVISION

**MISSION:** To provide short-term confinement of probationers in a secure, safe and work-oriented environment. A probation detention center (PDC) is a minimum-security facility for confining probationers, normally for a period of 60 to 120 days.

### OVERVIEW

- A sentencing alternative to jail or prison
- Six male facilities and one female facility
- Highly structured minimum-security facility with regimented schedules that include supervised, unpaid work in surrounding communities
- Military style discipline is emphasized
- May be used as a direct sentencing option or a revocation/ Probation Options Management sanction
- Associated with the facility side of the department in terms of care, custody, food service and medical needs

### CHARACTERISTICS

- Short-term programs with a designed length of 60-180 days
- Average stay (if no behavior issues) is 90 days
- Probationers required to work on a detail (inside or outside)
- May receive credit for time served while awaiting on bed space for PDC in the county jail if judge/hearing officers states specifically on the court order.
- Probationers are transported to each facility by the local Sheriff's Office

### ELEMENTS

- All probationers are required to be on work detail (inside or outside) five days per week.
- Work detail within facility: food service, horticulture, auto-body, building grounds maintenance, janitorial, laundry, utilities, maintenance and sanitation duties
- Community work details: under supervision, low security offenders build, refurbish and maintain prison and civic buildings, perform road work, clean public buildings and schools and work at recycling centers and landfills
- Programming varies from minimal education improvement to a broader spectrum of evidence-based treatment programs depending on the facility's resources and court ordered requirements to include:
  - Motivation for Change
  - Substance abuse counseling-primarily AA/NA
  - Life Skills
  - Job Readiness
  - Group Counseling
  - Personal Health
  - GED/Adult Basic Education

### COST: FY16

- Cost per offender annually: \$19,967
- Cost per offender daily: \$54.55

### STATEWIDE AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (AS OF JULY 23, 2018):

- Physical Capacity: 1,844
- Operational Capacity: 2,324
- On Hand: 1,767
- Utilization: 95.8%

### STAFFING:

Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, Chief of Security, Administrative Support Supervisor, Support Staff, and Counselor(s)

### FACILITIES

#### ***Bacon Probation Detention Center - Alma***

Host facility: Ware State Prison in Waycross  
Opened: July 1, 2004      Capacity: 171

#### ***Colwell Probation Detention Center - Blairsville***

Host facility: Lee Arrendale State Prison in Alto  
Opened: 1989      Capacity: 269

#### ***Emanuel Probation Detention Center - Twin City***

Host facility: Emanuel Women's Facility in Swainsboro  
Opened: Oct. 18, 1994      Capacity: 352

#### ***McEver Probation Detention Center - Perry***

Host facility: Dooly State Prison in Unadilla  
Opened: May 15, 2000      Capacity: 228

#### ***Patten Probation Detention Center - Dallas***

Host facility: Hays State Prison in Trion  
Opened: 2000      Capacity: 252

#### ***Treutlen Probation Detention Center - Soperton***

Host facility: Dodge State Prison in Chester  
Opened: 1991      Capacity: 288

#### ***Women's Probation Detention Center - Claxton***

Host facility: Smith State Prison in Glennville  
Opened: 1992      Capacity: 234



# FACT SHEET

## TRANSITIONAL CENTER

# 2019

TIMOTHY C. WARD COMMISSIONER

RICKY MYRICK ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FACILITIES DIVISION

**MISSION:** To protect the public by providing community residential services to inmates prior to their discharge or parole from incarceration.

**VISION:** To have all residents in the program to be employed, law abiding, taxpaying, sober and more educated citizens. Upon completing the Transitional Center Program, our hope is each of the residents will choose to continue to live a responsible lifestyle and continue to be productive members of society.

## PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

### Phase I:

- One-week orientation
- One week of center sanitation detail
- Three weeks of programming
- Offenders also meet with assigned counselors to discuss specific needs and develop treatment/performance plans

### Phase II:

- Upon completion of Phase I, residents appear before a classification committee for review and assessment
- A resident's performance is reviewed and if he/she meets the criteria they are moved to Phase II
- Within this phase, residents are allowed to seek employment in the community

### Phase III:

- Occurs when a resident has met all program requirements
- During this phase, counselors prepare resident plans to assist offenders with reentry into society

## CURRICULUM

### Reentry Skills Building

- Designed to teach offenders life skills, such as organization, work ethics, money management, family and friend relationships and other ways to successfully live after incarceration

### Matrix Early Recovery Skills

- Designed for offenders to begin the process of substance abuse recovery through cognitive behavioral evidence-based curriculum

### Motivation for Change (M4C)

- A five-step cognitive curriculum program based on the five phases of change

### Detours

- Focuses on changing criminal attitudes, values, thinking patterns and behaviors and concentrates on enhancing the offenders desire to change behavior

### Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous

### Family Reunification Days

### Faith Based and Community Involvement

## LOCATIONS

### Albany Transitional Center - Albany

Host facility: Lee State Prison in Leesburg

Opened: 1990 Capacity: 155

### Atlanta Male Transitional Center - Atlanta

Host facility: Metro Compound in Atlanta

Opened: 1970, renovated 1991 Capacity: 255

### Augusta Transitional Center - Augusta

Host facility: Augusta State Medical Prison in Augusta

Opened: 2002 Capacity: 205

### Clayton Transitional Center - Atlanta

Host facility: Metro Compound in Atlanta

Opened: 2004 Capacity: 350

### Coastal Transitional Center - Savannah

Host facility: Coastal State Prison in Savannah

Opened: 2003 Capacity: 256

### Columbus Transitional Center - Columbus

Host facility: Rutledge State Prison in Columbus

Opened: 2005, renovated 2006 Capacity: 140

### Charles D. Hudson Transitional Center - LaGrange

Host facility: Rutledge State Prison in Columbus

Opened: 2003 Capacity: 155

### Lee Arrendale Transitional Center - Alto

Host facility: Lee Arrendale State Prison in Alto

Opened: 2008 Capacity: 112

### Macon Male Transitional Center - Macon

Host facility: Central State Prison in Macon

Opened: 1972, renovated 1982 Capacity: 156

### Metro Transitional Center - Atlanta

Host facility: Metro Compound in Atlanta

Opened: 1982 Capacity: 234

### Phillips Transitional Center - Buford

Host facility: Phillips State Prison in Buford

Opened: 2008 Capacity: 288

### Smith Transitional Center - Claxton

Host facility: Smith State Prison in Claxton

Opened: 2009 Capacity: 211

### Valdosta Transitional Center - Valdosta

Host facility: Valdosta State Prison in Valdosta

Opened: 2007 Capacity: 100

## BY THE NUMBERS

Beds	2,688
Bed Utilization	104%
Long-Term Maintenance Offenders	155
Employment Rate for TC Offenders Statewide	84%
Room and Board collected FY2012	\$4.28 mil
Avg amount collected per offender/month	\$248.20
Successful Completion Rate	84%